THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE.

Vol. 29. WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 14, 1814. No. 4.

PRINTED BY
JOHN SCULL.
Corner of Market and Front Streets,
PITTSBURGH.

TERMS OF PUBLICATION.

The Pittsburgh Gazette is published every Wednesday Morning, at Three Dollars per annum, payable half yearly in advance.

If the subscriber does not order a discontinuance of his paper at the end of the year, it will be considered as a new engagement.

ADVERTISEMENTS, *not exceeding a square are inserted at One Dollar for the first three insertions, and Twenty-five Cents for every continuance—those of a greater length in proportion.*

Persons sending Advertisements will please note the number of times they wish them inserted.

HANDBILLS, CARDS, BLANKS, *and Printing in general, executed with neatness and dispatch.*

FERREE'S POWDER.

JAMES CROSSAN & CO.

WOOD STREET,

BETWEEN Second and Third Streets, next door to James Morrison's, have on hands, and intend constantly keeping a supply of FERREE'S RIFLE POWDER, which they will sell wholesale and retail on easy terms. Country Merchants can be supplied with this article, at the shortest notice.

Pittsburgh, May 25, 1814.

COTTON YARN TWIST.

ROBERT GETTY, Agent for an extensive Manufactory in Philadelphia, will be certainly supplied with this Article to any amount at the lowest Philadelphia prices and the addition of carriage.

ROBERT GETTY,

Corner of the Diamond and Market Street,

Is now opening a large assortment of *French, India, British* and *Domestic*

DRY GOODS,

which will be sold very low for Cash, by the piece or yard.

Also, an excellent assortment of *HARD-WARE* and *GROCERIES*

Pittsburgh, 20th August, 1814. tf

WANTED TO PURCHASE,

A MULLATO, OR

NEGRO BOY & GIRL.

OF good character, and fit for house work, to reside in Pittsburgh. A fair price in CASH will be given. Enquire of the Editor of the "*Pittsburgh Gazette.*"

Aug. 3 1814. tfq

Storage & Commission WAREHOUSE,

AND

HARD-WARE FACTORY.

I. BROWN & A. PORTER

HAVE commenced business next door to J. & C. Anshutz, Wood street, where they have on hand, and intend keeping, a general assortment of ALL KINDS of *IRON WORK*, consisting of Scythes, Sickles, Axes, Hoes, Edged Tools of every description, Wrought and Cut Nails, Steel and Bar Iron, &c.

Also—*CURRIERS* & *TANNERS* Tools.

Having a large and safe Warehouse for the reception of Goods, they hope by fidelity and attention, to merit a share of publick patronage.

BROWN & PORTER.

Pittsburgh, June 15 tfq

☞ Wants a Situation,

AS A BREWER,

A RESPECTABLE YOUNG MAN,

WHO has served a regular apprenticeship, to the profession in Philadelphia; is perfectly acquainted with the brewing of Porter, Ale and Beer, and every branch of the business; is every way adequate to the superintendance of a Brewhouse, and for capability and character can give the most respectable and satisfactory reference.

Those desirous of placing their capital in a lucrative channel, by the establishment of a Brewery, or those willing to employ him in one already established, will find this advertisement an object of their consideration.

Letters, (post paid,) addressed to DAVID BRENTNAL, No. 15, South Seventh street, Philadelphia, will be immediately attended to.

Aug. 5th, 1814.

11wp

House and Lot, FOR SALE.

THE Subscriber will sell the HOUSE and LOT in which he at present resides, situated in Second street, between Wood and Market streets. The house is large and roomy; and its central situation makes it a desirable one for a boarding house or large family. He will give a generous credit, and possession the 1st Oct. next; and if not disposed of at that time, it will be Let for 1 year. For particulars inquire of

TH: CROMWELL.

Aug. 10th 1814 tfq

BATH HOUSE.

THE BATH HOUSE, next door to the Pittsburgh Steam Mill, on the bank of the Monongahela, is now in complete operation. The water is *soft*, and both *warm* and *cold*. It will be kept open from 5 o'clock in the morning till 10 in the evening.

Sept. 1st, 1814.

tf.

FOR SALE,

WHISKEY,

OF A SUPERIOR QUALITY.

—*ALSO*—

A QUANTITY OF BARRELS

BEEF & PORK.

APPLY TO

ORMSBY & DOANE,

Corner of Chancery Lane and Water street.

Pittsburgh, Aug. 15. tfq

LAND AGENCY.

THE subscriber will attend to the business of LAND AGENT, in the borough of Harrisburgh. Those wishing to procure patents or copies from any of the public offices, will find their business executed with promptness.

ALEX: GRAYDON, Jun.

Harrisburgh, Aug. 17, 1814. 3t

THE SUBSCRIBER

RESPECTFULLY informs his friends and the public, that he is now opening at the corner of Second and Market Streets, a large assortment of

GOODS,

suitable for the present and approaching Seasons, which will be sold low for Cash or Negociable Paper. Those who may be disposed to purchase by the Piece, will find the prices and terms accommodating.

ROBERT GRAHAM.

Pittsburgh, August 20, 1814.

Ten Dollars Reward.

RANAWAY from the subscriber on the 30th day of July last, an indented Negro Boy named OLIVER, about 18 years of age, 5 feet 2 or 3 inches high, is very fond of liquor; had on when he went away a tow shirt, an old pair of blue cotton trowsers, but neither hat or shoes. Whoever takes up said boy and delivers him to the subscriber, or lodges him in jail so that he may get him again, shall have the above reward and reasonable charges.

SAMUEL BELTZHOOVER.

Coal Hill, St. Clair township, Allegheny county, August 22, 1814.

Five Dollars Reward.

STRAYED or Stolen from the subscriber living on the bank of the Ohio river, opposite Smoaky Island, on Wednesday the 17th inst. a Bay MARE with a sucking Colt. The Mare is about 14 hands high, a natural trotter, branded on the near shoulder and hip G. L. P. The above reward will be paid for information so that the subscriber may get them again, together with reasonable charges if brought home.

GEORGE LIGHTENBERGER.

August 24, 1814.

BOARDING & DAY SCHOOL.

FOR YOUNG LADIES.

MRS. & MISS BREVOST,

HAVE the honor to inform the public, that they intend opening a SCHOOL in Pittsburgh, on the 3d day of Oct. next, where shall be taught, on the following terms:

Reading, Writing, Arithmetic, English Grammar, History, Geography, with the use of Maps & Globes, &c.	$ 8	Quarterly.
Playing on the Piano,	10	
Vocal Music,	5	
The drawing and painting of Flowers,	6	
And the French language,	5	
Boarding,	37 50	

Every quarter to be paid in advance by boarders.

Dancing, Books, materials for Writing drawing, sewing &c. washing, bed and bedding to be paid for separately or provided by the parents.

Verbal applications will be thankfully received, after the 20th of Sept. in their house, in Second street, between Market and Wood streets; and immediately, by letters directed to

JOHN C. BREVOST.

Pittsburgh, Aug. 10, 1814.

WILLIAM HILL,

IN MARKET BETWEEN THIRD AND FOURTH STREETS, *PITTSBURGH,*

Has just received an assortment of

Seasonable Goods,

CONSISTING OF

SUPERFINE and second cloths
Velvets and cords
Bombazetts and silks
India, cambrick and shirting muslins
Irish and Silesia linens and linen cambrick
Women's silk, cotton and worsted hose
Men's silk and cotton hose and half hose
Ladies long and short silk, kid and york-tan'd gloves
Cotton, damask and serged silk shawls
Levantine shawls, and fancy figured handkerchiefs
Bandano, real and common Madras do.
Cotton stripes and plaids
Looking glasses and tea trays
Umbrellas, ribbons, sewing silk, silk cords,
Crapes, suspenders,
A variety of fancy articles.

ALSO,

Ladies Morocco, cork-soaled and leather shoes
Misses and children shoes
Best Spanish cigars by the box
Best Swedish and Crowley steel
Spades and shovels
Mill, cross-cut and hand saws
1st and 2d quality coffee in barrels
Do. do. with loaf sugar
Chocolate by the box
A general assortment of *Hardware, Queensware,* and *groceries*

All of which will be sold on very moderate terms, wholesale and retail; for cash or negociable paper.

August 23, 1814.

Cheap Cash Store,

MARKET STREET.....*Pittsburgh,*

Between Third and Fourth Streets, next door to Cunningham & Co. and opposite James Johnson's.

THE SUBSCRIBER,

Having just received a new and large assortment of

FANCY GOODS,

From PHILADELPHIA, is now enabled to offer to his customers and friends, wholesale and retail, on reasonable terms,

BRITISH Shirting,
Cotton Cambricks,
Mumul, Jaconet and Undressed Muslins,
Elegant Fancy Muslins,
Black Canton Crape,
An assortment of English Crapes,
Black, Brown & Green Bombazets,
Black Cambricks,
An assortment of Dress and Bonnet Silks,
Silk Shawls,
Small fancy silk Handkerchiefs,
Silk Umbrellas & Parasols,
Silk, Kid, and York tann'd Gloves,
Silk, Cotton & Worsted Hose,
Calicoes & Ginghams,
An assortment of Domestic Cottons,
Ladies Kid and Morocco Shoes, newest fashion,
Children's Shoes and Boots,
A handsome assortment of Gentlemen's vestcoating,
Broadcloths & Cassimers, a general assment.

GROCERIES,

Of the first quality----among which are a few quarter Casks choice WINES....and COFFEE by the Barrel.

A GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF

QUEENSWARE,

Will be received the last of this month.

ELIAS WILLIAMS.

Aug. 1, 1814. tfq

NEW GOODS.

THE subscriber is now opening at the corner of *Market and Fifth Streets,* a handsome assortment of French, British, German and DOMESTIC GOODS, which he will low for Cash or Country produce, consisting of:—Dry Goods—China—Hardware—Looking Glasses—Sugar House Molasses—Tanners Oil—Shoes of various kinds—Parasols—Silk and Cotton Umbrella's—Pewter Jappan'd Ware, &c. &c.

EDWARD JONES,

CORNER OF MARKET AND FIFTH STREETS.

Pittsburgh, 7th Sept 1814.

ROBERT SMETHER,

DENTIST,

RESPECTFULLY presents his compliments to the Ladies and Gentlemen of Pittsburgh and its vicinity, and informs them that he *EXTRACTS* and *CLEANSES TEETH* in the most perfect manner; removing the causes of their decay, and improper colour: and also that he cures the scorbutic complaint in the Gums, which is frequently injurious to the Teeth, and causes them to get loose. He sets artificial Teeth, from one to a full set of front Teeth. He may be seen at Mr. JOHN HUNTER'S Boarding-house in Water Street, and will wait on Ladies and Gentlemen at their respective Houses.

September 1, 1814.

FOR SALE,

Joint Shingles, White-oak and Pine Logs,

AND OAK AND PINE STUDDING.

APPLY TO

H. HOLDSHIP,

Third between Market & Wood streets.

Aug. 24, 1814.

WILLIAM HAMILTON,

IMPRESSED with gratitude for the liberal favors conferred on him by his numerous friends and acquaintances, returns them his most sincere thanks, and informs them that, having declined the Saddlery business, and sold his Stock in that Trade to (his brother) *Jesse Hamilton* and Mr. *William Tait*, from whose complete knowledge of the business, he with confidence recommends them to their patronage.

The subscribers beg leave to inform their friends and the public, that they have entered into Partnership, under the firm of

Hamilton & Tait,

In the Shop formerly occupied by Mr. *William Hamilton*, Market Street, between Front and Second Streets; where, having selected a large and elegant assortment of Materials, carefully chosen at the best markets, they will be well supplied with

LADIES' AND GENTLEMENS' ELASTIC SADDLES.

Also, Bridles, Saddle Bags, Whips and Spurs, Officers and Military Saddles and Bridles of every description, with Military Equipments, Veliesses, Leather Travelling Trunks, Portmanteaus, Fancy, Dressing and Common Trunks—Coach, Gig, Chair, Waggon and Cart Harness, with every other article in their line.—Any favors conferred on them will be thankfully received and executed with dispatch.

JESSE HAMILTON,
WILLIAM TAIT.

Pittsburgh, April 20, 1814. tf.

WAGGONS WANTED.

THE SUBSCRIBER,

WISHES to employ 10 or 15 WAGGONS, to haul Iron from Juniata and Bellefonte Iron Works, to this place, for which liberal wages will be paid.

APPLY TO

WILLIAM LECKY.

Pittsburgh, July 26 tfq

VALUABLE LANDS,

In Virginia, Ohio & Pennsylvania,

FOR SALE.

700 ACRES AT THE UPPER END OF CRAIK'S Survey on the Kenhawa River, opposite to the mouth of Pocotallico Creek—200 Acres of this Land are in a high state of cultivation, with improvements of Orchards, Meadows, &c. It is altogether Bottom of the first Quality on the River, and affords excellent situations for Salt Works.

Also, between 5 & 6000 acs. of military Lands, in the State of Ohio, surveyed in the name of Charlet Simms, on Darby Creek, and other waters of Sciota—all lying in that District of Country, included between the Towns of Chillicothe and Franklinton.

I will also sell, on the most accommodating terms to the purchaser, my Farm of Oakley, at the upper end of Montour's (commonly called the Long Island,) containing 300 Acres, and a residue of 7 or 800 Acres of Chas. Simms survey of 3000 Acres on Racoon Creek, about 15 miles distant from Pittsburgh.

A more particular description of the two last mentioned Premises, is unnecessary, as they may be conveniently viewed by persons from this neighbourhood desirous of purchasing.

W. D. SIMMS.

Oakley Farm, May 1st, 1814.

tfq

Brush Manufactory.

GEORGE BEALE,

OF PHILADELPHIA,

BRUSHMAKER,

RESPECTFULLY informs the public that he has commenced a branch of his business, in Wood Street, between Third and Fourth Streets, PITTSBURGH. As he intend carrying on the business extensively, he will be able to supply the orders of Merchants and others, to any amount, *at the Philadelphia prices, without carriage.* From his long experience in the business, and having the best workmen employed, he can furnish

BRUSHES OF EVERY DESCRIPTION,

of a superior quality, and on such terms as will prove advantageous to purchasers. In addition to his stock of Brushes, he has on hand,

A quantity of RUSSIA BRISTLES for Sale.

The highest price given for

HOGS BRISTLES AND *COLTS TAILS.*

Pittsburgh, May 4, 1814. 1yq.

JUST RECEIVED AND FOR SALE,

BY

BOSLER & Co.

At their Wholesale and Commission Ware-House on Water and Front Streets,

PRIME New-Orleans Sugar in barrels,
White Havanna do. in boxes,
New-Orleans Rum, Indigo and Cotton,
Best green Coffee in barrels and bags,
Logwood,
Kentucky Rifle Powder and Bacon,
Mexican Copper, &c. &c.

Pittsburgh, June 22, 1814. tfq.

NOTICE.

THE SUBSCRIBER.

HAVING for the present declined the mercantile business, he calls on all those indebted to him to make payment, and those who have demands against him will present them for settlement.

The subscriber has again commenced the BOW STRING Manufactory, and in a few days will be able to supply his friends and the public with the best kind, wholesale and retail. Orders from a distance punctually attended to.

JOHN COWAN, *Union Street, next door to the Commonwealth Printing Office.*

Pittsburgh, August 30, 1814.

CASH FOR GRAIN.

ONE DOLLAR & TWENTY FIVE CENTS, A BUSHEL FOR

WHEAT,

AND SIXTY TWO AND A HALF CENTS, FOR

RYE,

GIVEN AT THE PITTSBURGH STEAM MILL.

Sept. 1, 1814. tfq

FOR SALE.

THE property No. 324, being 40 feet front and 84 feet and an half deep, now occupied by A. and J. Sheriff. On this Lot is a Brick and a Frame Dwelling House, a Brick Coppersmith and Tin Shop, and a Pump of excellent water in the yard. It is situated in Fourth between Market and Ferry Streets, and is free from ground rent and any other incumbrances. For terms apply to the subscriber at the corner of Front and Ferry Streets.

E. HAMSHER.

Pittsburgh, August 25, 1814.

Doctor M. Parker,

RESPECTFULLY informs the inhabitants of Pittsburgh and its vicinity, that he has taken quarters at Mr. J. C. BUTLER'S Inn, in Wood Street, and will be happy to attend upon all calls in the line of his Profess on as a PHYSICIAN and SURGEON. His experience in the line of his profession, he trusts, will enable him to give entire satisfaction to all who will please to employ him. He offers his services to the public in cases of fever sores, ulcers, &c. and he pledges himself effectually to cure all eating cancers, without the application of the knife.

Pittsburgh, August 23, 1814.

JUST RECEIVED,

AT THE WAREHOUSE OF

DAVID LOGAN AND Co.

AN ASSORTMENT OF

American Manufactured GOODS,

CONSISTING of Plaids, Stripes and Chambrays. Also, blue, olive and bottle green Cloth and Coating, the blue is of a superior quality; and an assortment of the following GOODS: knives & forks, double & single bladed pen knives, scissors, beads, a very elegant assortment of ladies combs, 100 pieces India muslins from No. 12 and 48, powder horns, silk ribbons of all kinds, ferretings, needles, gun locks, flints, shaving boxes & straps, small and large hand lanterns, brass candle sticks, awl blades and hafts, spectacles, cloth and tooth brushes, coffee mills, trimmings and fringes, and furniture binding, flutes, and a variety of other articles, for WHOLESALE.

Apply as above.

Pittsburgh, Sept. 7th.

SAMUEL THOMPSON,

MERCHANT TAYLOR,

South end of Market Street----Pittsburgh,

HAS just received a new assortment of Superfine Broad Cloaths,
Sassimers and Cassinetts,
Superfine assorted Vesting,
A general assortment of Military trimmings, such as Gold and Silver Epaulets.
Gold and Silver Lace,
do do Cord,
do do Stars,
Infantry Buttons, large and small,
Artillery, do do do
Rifle, do do do

☞ N. B. *An Apprentice wanted at the above place.*

Sept. 7, 1814.

STRAY COW.

CAME to the plantation whereon the subscriber lives, about 5 miles from Pittsburgh, in Pitt township, Allegheny county, a Black COW, with a white face and feet, and white under the belly, the right ear cropt and marked with a swallow fork. The owner is desired to come, prove property, pay charges and take her away.

MICHAEL COPPERSMITH.

September 1, 1814.

TAKE WARNING!

WHEREAS my wife JACOBINA KLARMOND, has without just cause left my bed and board, I HEREBY forwarn all persons not to trust her, as I am determined to pay no debts of her contracting after this date unless compelled by law.

WM: KLARMOND.

Sept. 5, 1814.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

BY virtue of sundry writs of venditioni exponas, issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Allegheny county, and to me directed, will be exposed to Sale by Public Vendue at the Court House in the Borough of Pittsburgh, on Saturday the 17th September, inst. at 2 o clock in the afternoon, the following property, to wit:—

Lot No. 86, in James O'Hara's extension of Pittsburgh, bounded northwardly by lot No. 85, eastwardly by lot No. 83, southwardly by M'Leod's line, and westwardly by Grant Street. Seized and taken in execution and to be sold as the property of Francis Graham, at the suits of Daniel Keith and others.

WILLIAM WOODS, *Sheriff.*

Pittsburgh, September 6, 1814.

For Sale or Rent.

ONE hundred and two acres of LAND, more or less, situate on Brush run, Peter's township, Washington county, about 13 miles from Pittsburgh, and near the stage road from that place to Washington. On the premises are two dwelling houses each two stories high, a two story spring house, horse mill, double barn and a garden well paled, about 50 acres of land cleared, 10 acres of meadow, and more may easily be made, an orchard of 400 bearing apple trees, and a number of peach trees;—also, a nursery of upwards of 2000 apple trees.

I will also sell, a LOT in Birmingham, No. 62, pleasantly situated.

An indisputable title will be given for the above property, and possession given the first of April next. For terms apply to the subscriber on the farm.

DANIEL BOWER.

September 1, 1814.

A FULLER WANTED.

A FULLER who understands his business well, and who is sober and industrious, will hear of a good birth on application at the Gazette office. One with a family would be prefered. He will be expected to work in Tennessee, near Nashville, in a new Mill and a fine healthy neighborhood.

Sept. 6, 1814.

BOOK AUCTION.

THE subscribers will commence the sale of BOOKS, of every description, on Saturday evening next, at seven o'clock, and continue every Saturday evening during the season, at their Auction and Commission Store in the Diamond.

J. DAVIS & Co, *Auct'rs. and Commission Merchants.*

Sept. 7, 1814.

THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE.

WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 15, 1814.

A letter from a gentleman at Buffalo, to the Editor of the Pittsburgh Gazette, dated September, 7, 1814, says, " The British still continue to hold their position in the neighbourhood of fort Erie, and throw shells into the fort daily, which however, do but little injury. Almost every day there is a skirmish between our pickets and the enemy, in which 3 or 4 are killed and wounded on each side; the day before yesterday they attempted to drive our pickets from the woods where a battery was erecting; our men succeeded in repulsing them; but on a second attack our men were obliged to give way, and a heavy shower of rain coming on they were obliged to return to camp.—Col. Wilcox was killed in this affair, and about 30 more killed and wounded on our part. Deserters state the loss of the enemy at 100 killed and wounded.

" Within a few days a large reinforcement of militia has arrived here; preparations are making to cross them over immediately. The British must now retreat, or they will be captured."

From the Buffalo Gazette, of September 5.

There has been more or less cannonading between the contending armies at fort Erie, every day, during the week past, but with very little effect on the part of the enemy. On Saturday Lieut. KINCAID, of the artillery, was severely wounded with a fragment of a shell.

GENERAL ORDERS.

Adjutant General's Office,
Fort Erie, Sept. 2, 1814.

Major General BROWN, resumes the command of the troops on the Niagara frontier.

The maj. gen. recurs with proud satisfaction to the conduct of his division, since the opening of the campaign. It was opened in the defence of the munitions of war destined for the navy, which were embarked at Oswego, when the enemy was in force on the lake, landed at Sandy creek, and transported to Sackett's Harbor. *Oswego* displays the discipline and prowess of a single batallion of artillery, led by col. MITCHELL—and *Sandy Creek* gives name to the gallant atchievement of the 1st riflemen, under lt. col. APLING.

The *bravery* alone, of American soldiers has *often* shewn them superior to their British adversaries—but, on the *plains of Chippewa*, bravery and discipline both rise pre-eminent and triumph over the enemy's best troops, led on in the ablest manner. There the brigade of maj. gen. SCOTT, fought British veterans—battalion against battalion—and the smallest in numbers conquered...victory crowned the American arms.

At the *Falls of Niagara*, our brave soldiers met a severer trial—they rose superior to the test—and proved their intrepidity equal to any exigence. They engaged the whole force of the enemy—and again conquered a larger than their own. The victory was ours—the *trophies* of victory only were not accomplished ...the enemy had relinquished the contest and the field to our superiority.

The glorious defeat of an important expedition of the enemy, on our own shore, is again accomplished by the 1st rifle regiment, on its arrival at this frontier, under the late distinguished major MORGAN.

Another trial was left for the brave spirits who compose the American force in Canada. An endurance of fatigue, was shewn with unexampled cheerfulness, on the works around their camp at *Fort Erie*—and a new test of military prowess was called for, to complete the glorious character of the division. They were called to receive the attack of heavy columns of the enemy, on their lines of entrenchment—and the signal manner in which they acquitted themselves, as well as the vigilance of their brave and finished commander brig. gen. GAINES, is established by the brilliant victory acquired on the 15th Aug. The discomfiture of the forces under Lt. Gen. DRUMMOND, was attended with a disparity of loss, unexampled in the record of battles.

By order of Maj. Gen. BROWN.
C. K. GARDNER,
Adjutant General.

From the Federal Republican, Sept. 1.

PEACE.

The expectation and desire of a speedy termination of the war, continue to prevail, and are the chief cause of the torpor which has seized upon the popular feeling. It is absolutely necessary, unless the country is to be abandoned by the people, as it has been by their criminal deceivers, that every man should awake, arouse and prepare for action.—The country must be defended, the invaders must be repelled. Infinite distress and misery, still deeper disgrace will befal us, if the force sent to our shores is not overpowered. No man who is mindful of what he owes to his country and his own character, can advocate submission, where resistance is practicable. The fight will now be for our country, not for a party. When the enemy is expelled we will then call to an account, in the mode prescribed by the paramount law of the land, the traitors who may appear to be guilty. Not that we mean to intimate that all political discussion and a free interchange of opinion should be suspended even in the heat of battle, if any freeman chooses to commune with his neighbour, because if that essential right were destroyed or denied, there can be no motive in fighting the enemy, nor can it matter much who are our *masters*; but we mean that every man should lend a hand in the best way he can to drive the daring foe from our soil. Upon the subject of peace, we understand, from authority upon which we place implicit reliance, that Admiral Cockburn and several other British officers of distinction, have declared *outright*, that a peace cannot come before much hard fighting is experienced. The Admiral has said distinctly, " we must prepare for another severe struggle," not meaning a single battle, but a series of hard contested fights. He says, that every assailable point on our sea coast, will share the fate of Washington, and that there is no other place which will experience the same moderation and clemency. What has passed at Alexandria—the severe and degrading terms of submission imposed on that unfortunate city corroborates the information given to us. Let then the whole line of sea coast be fortified and prepared for the worst without delay. If it be not the wish and intention of government, that every attempt by the enemy shall be successful, let them make up by present activity for past neglect. The general government was created for common protection and security. If those who administer it will not do their duty, the government must dissolve, and speedily too, in its own weakness From past experience we know that no admonition or warning that proceeds from a federal quarter will be regarded; but the time has come when the people should see to it that their voice is obeyed. Their voice we know to be what we express. Their voice is, omit no sacrifice, spare no expence to save the country. It is seriously threatened, and can only be saved by extraordinary exertions, such as our fathers made before us. If our rulers choose to surrender the country rather than make these exertions, they are traitors—traitors

The Court Gazette consoles the people with the assurance, that altho' the Capital was lost, the government would still go on, and that other parts of the union would not be affected by the capture of Washington. As the same paper said of the Savannah news which established Bonaparte permanently on his throne, it must be " *highly gratifying intelligence*" to the American people, that " their government is able to resume its functions!" *Most glorious news!* in the third year of the war, 5000 men have landed 45 miles from the Capital, proceeded leisurely to the palace, chased away the incumbent, demolished the public works, retired at pleasure, and two days after the government is enabled to resume its functions! During the dearth of foreign news, this must be " highly gratifying intelligence" to the readers of the Intelligencer.

LATEST FROM EUROPE.

From the Boston Centinel, August 31.

Gentlemen arrived in town yesterday, who left Halifax the 23d inst. They report,

That the British July packet had arrived there, bringing London dates to July 20.—They advised that the American commissioners (excepting Mr. Gallatin, who probably had tarried in England to finish the negociation of the loan!) had arrived in Ghent: but that the British commissioners had not left England, and it was reported that new ones had been appointed.

That these papers stated, that the French army was collecting—that they considered Austria as the source of their degradation—and that it was thought they would force Louis the 18th to declare war against Austria.

ANOTHER NAVAL VICTORY.

London papers of the 15th July contain the particulars of the capture of the British brig Reindeer, rated 18 guns, captain Manners, by the U. States sloop of Wasp, captain Blakely, after an action of 25 minutes, off the Islands-End, where the Wasp had been cruising 14 days. The Reindeer being to windward, ran down and engaged yard arm and yard arm; and twice headed by captain Manners, they attempted to board the Wasp, but were repulsed, and Capt. M. killed. She lossed also 27 killed, and 60 wounded. The loss of the Wasp unknown.—The Reindeer was so shattered that captain Blakely blew her up the next day, and sent her crew to England in a neutral vessel.

The news from Halifax is, that a new frigate, with 13 sail of transports under convoy, had arrived there with two regiments, 2000 strong:—That the Hogue 74, the Chesapeake, en flute, had sailed for England; and that the privsteer Invincible, and two of her prizes, and privateer schooner Herald, both of N. York, had arrived at Halifax.

The advices from England and Nova-Scotia, still continue anti-pacific. We most ardently wish for peace, but our duty compels us to repeat, that those who calculate on the continuance of the war until the close of this campaign will act the wisest. As the English people have expressed their desire of retribution for the time and manner in which the war was declared against them, it is probable their resentment may be appeased by the capture of the American capital. If so, we may look for peace in earnest in the spring—if our administration chuse to make it.

We have seen letters from London, from the best informed men, to the 24th June—They say

" The general opinion here is, that there will not be an immediate peace with the United States, or not until this campaign is concluded. It is certain, that if this government chooses to prolong the war upon any pretext, it will be supported to the last by the people. Even the manufacturers who were so inveterate against the administration, and so friendly to America, whilst the orders in counnil were in existence, are, the majority of them, in favour of a continuance of the war.

" I called at Mr. Gallatin's lodgings yesterday and was informed, he left town in the morning for Ghent, where the rest of the American plenipotentiaries will soon meet. I see no preparation for the departure of the British commissioners, their appointment has not yet been announced in the official Gazette.

" P. S. Since writing the above I have learnt that the British commissioners will leave London early in July for Ghent. Mr. Baker, left by Mr. Foster as charge des affaires at Washington, is to be secretary of legation."

PHILADELPHIA, *September 3.*

Extract of a letter from a young lady in Baltimore, to her brother in this city, dated Sept. 1, 1814.

" There was a great cannonading heard here yesterday, supposed to be 30 or 40 miles distant. I sincerely hope it was not at Annapolis, for to my certain knowledge they have not more than 3 or 400 men there, and it would only be throwing away their lives to resist them. Baltimore is making every preparation for the enemy, although there is no immediate apprehension, they are throwing up intrenchments all round the city—white and black are all at work together, you'll see a master and his slave digging side by side. There is no distinction made whatever."

The indignation and wrath of the people towards our political mountebanks, cannot be stifled even by the direful calamities which threaten us on all sides, and call for vigor, intelligence and talents, to save the republic. That press that was yesterday preaching to us security—security—is to day on board the fleet of the enemy. The time of restoring eye-sight to the blind has not yet arrived. Public property worth ten millions of dollars must first be destroyed, partly by ourselves, and partly by the enemy. Armies must, for years, attempt a distant and hopeless conquest and our capital and fall an easy prey to 6000 invaders. Men who were to provide for general defence, must suffer such a state of things to exist, that the eyes of the people might be opened.

[*Delaware Gazette*

THE GREENSBURG & PITTSBURG

Turnpike Road.

NOTICE is hereby given, that Proposals for making any part of this Road, not less than a quarter of a mile, will be received by the Managers, at the House of JOSEPH BALL, in Allegheny county, on Monday the 19th inst. and on the day following at the house of ROBERT STEWART, in Westmoreland county.

By order of the Board,
E. PENTLAND, *Sec'y.*

September 7, 1814.

FRESH GOODS.

Just received a large and general assortment of

INDIA, GERMAN, FRENCH ENGLISH & AMERICAN GOODS,

Consisting of *Dry Goods, Hardware, Glass* and *Queensware, Shoes, Groceries, Liquors, &c. &c. &c.*

BLACK, blue, bottle green, olive, brown, mixed and drab superfine and fine broadcloths
Do. do. brown, flesh and drab cassimers
Black and mixed cassimer cords
Do. Do. plains
10-4 fine rose blankets and olive coating
A variety of fancy and figured leno and jaconet muslin
6-4 and 4-4 fine and superfine cambric muslin
9-8 and 4-4 cambric and American shirting do.
Cambric, Irish and Selisia linens
Black, blue, pink and olive muslins
Super sawns, sawns, gurrah, bafta and mamooda do.
American cotton plaids, stripes and chambrays
German, India and American checks
Fine and superfine black bombazetts
Bennett's cord, toilinett, swansdown, marseilles, quilted and fancy vestings
Tabby, silk and plush velvets, elegant variety of colours
White jean, nankeens, cords and velvets
Black, brown, green, orange, fawn and lead coloured mantua silks
Do. do. do. levantines
Do. do. do. pelongs and sarsnetts
Do. do. do. sattins
4-4 fine light chintz, and a variety of American and English calicoes
8-4, 7-4, 6-4 and 5-4 damask, serge and levantine silk shawls
5-4 and 4-4 elegant figured French levantine do.
6-4 and 5-4 black silk do.
8-4, 7-4, 6-4, 5-4, and 4-4 American and British cotton shawls
Mens and womens cotton and worsted, lead, black and mixed hose
Do. and do. assorted silk, cotton, york tan, leather, shamoy and kid gloves
Mens black and white silk half hose
Mantua, lutestring, sattin, german, china, fringed, plaided and plain ribbons of all colours
Real and silk madras, ventipolem, red gilly, and silk and cotton handkerchiefs
Indispensibles, chenilles, silk cords, and buttons assorted
Green and blue silk umbrellas and fashionable parasols
24, 26, and 28 inch cotton umbrellas
Black and white silk and cotton lace and edgings
Lead pencils, beads of every kind, and net and cotton suspenders
Olive and black velvet ribbons,
Cotton balls, assorted colours
Linen tapes, cambric thread, sewing silks and twist assorted
Hat and India crapes, love silk handkerchiefs and ribbons, and India and fancy fans
Gold and silver cords and tassels, eagles, breast plates, plumes, pompoons and cockades
Coloured and white down and ostrich feathers
Fashionable split straw hats and bonnets
Black and white catgut and bonnet wire
Hatters linings
Green, red, yellow and black morocco hats
Fine furniture and American furniture calicoes
Worsted and cotton girthing and boot webing

HARDWARE.

Real and sham buck and horn table and desert knives and forks
One, two and four bladed pen and pocket knives, very fine
Straw, draw, shoe, butcher and saddlers knives
Japanned lamps,
Brass, plated and common candlesticks
Knob, stock, closet, trunk, desk, till, chest saddle bag, horse and double and single padlocks
Hand, tenant, dove-tail, key-hole, brassed and iron back saws
Two foot rules assorted
Size sticks and mitres
4, 6, 8, 9, 10, 11 and 12 inch brassed steel blade squares
Sheep shears, large and small scissors and shears assorted
Carpenters compasses, plyers, spoke-shave irons and trunk handles
Roller, buckles and inlets, sawsetts, plain irons, chissels and gouges
Braces and bitts, stirrup irons, snaffle bitts, and plated spurs
Butt hinges and screws well assorted, from half an inch to 4 inches long
H and HL, card table, and table assorted hinges
Strait and round bolts, cinder sifters, and brass head shovel and tongs
A variety of rasps and files, round, half round, flat and square from 4 to 20 inches long
Patent and common curry combs
Iron and teutania table and tea spoons
Blue, bright and common awl blades and shafts
Gilt, plated, ivory, pearl and glass coat and waistcoat buttons
Fish hooks of every size
Hooks and eyes and knitting needles
Turkey oil, English and American rubbers
Frying pans, pewter plates, bowls and dishes
Real and American, German, Swedish, Crowley and blister steel
Augers, spike, patent and common gimblets
Box coffee mills
Knob and thumb latches
White chapel, blunts, betweens, sharps, sail, saddler and darning needles
3 1-2, 4, 4 1-2, and 5lb English, and No. 8, 12 and 17 French pins by the pack
Real tortoise, mock tortoise and horn combs, well assorted
Bone and Ivory fine combs, do.
Door knockers, escutcheons, curtain rings, toy watches and spectacles
Sand and emory paper, every kind, well assorted
Philadelphia springs from half inch to 2 inch do.
2 1-2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 12, 14, 16 and 18 oz. cut and 12 oz. wrought tacks
Brass cocks, wood fossets
Fine and superfine razors
Slates and pencils assorted
Jewellry, consisting of breast pins, watch keys and seals
Black and yellow tea, bamboo, and sword canes and riding whips
Cowskins
Steel and japanned snuffers and snuffer trays
Commode handles, cloak and watch pins
Shovels and spades
Brass, pewder, glass and composition inkstands
Gold and silver spangles
Black and heel ball
Bake ovens, sugar kettles, stew pots, potts, tea kettles
Skillets, griddles, sadirons
3d, 4d, 5d, 6d, 8d, and 10d nails and brads
Bed cords, lacings, plow lines, fishing and chalk lines
An elegant variety of gilt and mahogany frame looking glasses
Iron and brass wire
Mouse traps, pepper pots and graters
Sweeping, cloaths, weavers and shoe brushes
Weavers reeds and cane.

GLASS AND QUEENSWARE.

China and American cups and saucers
Green and blue edged, Liverpool china, and American plates
American teapots, pitchers and mantle ornaments
Quart, pint, half pint and gill decanters
Pint, half pint, and gill tumblers
Blue and flint glass and white china salts and creams.

SHOES.

Mens fine and coarse shoes and pumps
Boys do. do. do.
Womens' misses and childrens kid, leather and morocco shoes
Womens' cork soal do. and boys Jefferson boots

GROCERIES

Coffee, best and second best, green and white
Tea, imperial, young hyson, hyson skin and bohea
Wait's fresh Baltimore chocolate
Pepper, allspice, ginger, cinnamon, nutmegs, cloves and mace
Rosin, chalk, Spanish white and brown and annotta
Indigo, copperas, allum, logwood, fustic and glauber salts
James river and Philadelphia plug tobacco
Glue, brimstone, lampblack, sweet and castor oil,
Fresh shad and Baltimore smoaked herring,
Kentucky bacon and powder in qr. and half qr. casks,
Keg and box raisins and fig blue,
Essence of peppermint, British oil and inkpowder,
Windsor soap and wash ball,
New Orleans cotton by the bale and cordage.

LIQUORS.

Coginiac brandy and spirits,
Madeira, Malaga, Port, Sherry & Lisbon wines in 10 gallon kegs.
Claret in bottles—together with a numerous variety of assorted GOODS, too tedious to enumerate.

The above Goods have been selected with care in Baltimore and Philadelphia, and are now offered at a very small advance for Cash, approved Trade, or Negociable Bills at short credit.

Country Merchants will find it to their advantage to call and purchase, as the above Goods will be sold, wholesale *and* retail, *to suit every description of purchasers.*

ISAAC HARRIS,
In the Diamond.
Pittsburgh, August 30, 1814.

PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS in and by an act of the general assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, entitled " an act to regulate the general elections within this Commonwealth," it is enjoined on me to give public notice of such election to be held, and to enumerate in such notice what officers are to be elected.

I, WILLIAM WOODS, Sheriff of the County of Allegheny, DO therefore make known and give this public notice to the electors of the said county of Allegheny, that a general election will be held in the said county on the 2d Tuesday of October next, at the several election districts, to wit:

The electors of the borough of Pittsburgh, to meet at the court house; and the electors of the following described parts of the borough of Pittsburgh and Pitt township, in the county of Allegheny, shall be a separate election district, to wit: beginning on the Monongahela river on the east side of Wood street, in the said borough, and running thence by the east side of Wood street to the east side of Liberty street, thence by the same to the east side of Washington street, being the borough line; thence by the same to the Allegheny river; thence up the said river to the mouth of the Two Mile run; thence up the said run, by Roup's mill, Henry Fulton's farm house; thence a straight line to William Knox's farm house, on the Four Mile run, including the two last mentioned places; thence down the said Four Mile run to the Monongahela river; thence down the same to the place of beginning, and the electors of said district shall hold their general elections at the court house in the said borough of Pittsburgh.

The electors of Pitt township to meet at the house of Thomas Wilson in said township.

The electors of Plumb township to meet at the house of John Little, in said township.

The electors of Versailles township to meet at the house of Wm: Shaw in said township.

The electors of Elizabeth township to meet at the house of Jno: Walker, in Elizabeth town in said township.

The electors of Mifflin township to meet at the house of Wm: Walker in said township.

The electors of St. Clair township, to meet at the house of Thos: M'Cully, in said township.

The electors of Fayette township to meet at the house of Matthew M'Coy in Noblestown, in said township.

The electors of Robinson township to meet at the house of Wm: Marks in said township.

The electors of Moon township to meet at the house of Margery Byers, in said township.

The electors of Ohio township to meet at the house of John Moore in said township.

The electors of Ross township to meet at the house of Saml: Allen in said township.

The electors of Pine township to meet at the house of William Cochran in said township.

The electors of Deer township to meet at the house of Felix Neigley in said township.

The electors of Indiana township to meet at the house of Henry Strome in said township.

At which time and places the qualified electors as aforesaid, will elect by ballot,

One person as Governor for the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

One person as a Member for Congress in conjunction with Butler county.

Four persons for members of the house of representatives of the commonwealth of Pennsylvania in conjunction with Butler county.

One person for Commissioner for Allegheny county.

And three persons for Auditors of Allegheny county.

And in and by the act of the general assembly of this state, passed the 17th of March, 1800, it is directed that the inspectors of the said general election shall be chosen by ballot on Friday next preceding the 1st Tuesday in October, at the several election districts, and the election of such inspectors shall be held by the respective constables, who are hereby required to give at least one week's notice of election, assisted by 2 qualified citizens, chosen by such citizens qualified to vote as shall then be present; and the inspectors chosen are required to be at the places of their districts on the day of the general election aforesaid, at nine o'clock in the morning, to do and perform the duties required of them.

And the return judges of the respective districts aforesaid are required to meet at the court house, in the borough of Pittsburgh, on the Friday next after the said second Tuesday in October next, then and there to perform those duties required of them by law.

Given under my hand at Pittsburgh this 1st day of September, one thousand eight hundred and fourteen, and the thirty ninth year of the independence of the United States.

WILLIAM WOODS, *Sheriff.*

ARMY BLANKS,

Printed in the neatest manner, and on the shortest notice at this office.

From the Delaware Gazette.

'THE PAST & PRESENT DAY.'

"We mourn our fallen state, yet 'tis not strange,
When we reflect how great, how vast the change;
When we compare the past *and* present *day,*
What different Men! alas! have held the sway!"

THE effects of Federal and Democratic policy are daily developing. Time is leading reason in triumph to her seat. Administration men are beginning to utter that truth, so horrid to courtly ears. They really discover a difference between the substantial and lasting interests of the country, and the selfish views and schemes of our rulers. They say—we love Plato—but truth much more. We like the men of our choice, while they maintain the character that recommends to us. But we cannot respect men who do not respect themselves. We cannot sacrifice principles for men, though they have been once our favorites. We have some independence, some discernment, some principle, some intelligence; and why should it be expected that we would renounce independence, discernment, principle and intelligence, by approving the measures of these men, once esteemed worthy of their stations who act in a manner so contrary to what we expected and so impolitic, if they wish an "*honest fame or none?*" Let it not be said that we have left them, but they have left us, our best interest, and themselves. If they will deviate from the dictates of a wise policy; if they will show that their interests are primary considerations; if they will disregard the most sage maxims of confederate republics; if they will attempt in war, what ought to have been done in peace; and if their policy generally is calculated to excite contempt in the eyes of nations, and create distrust and discord at home; are we, therefore, to approve the measures of those men, though we once voted for them, because we thought them, at that time, calculated to "ride the whirlwind and direct the storm?"

Feelings and sentiments like the foregoing are now expressed in various parts of the country. They are much more extensive, and are more grevious, than what have appeared in the public prints The day of indignation and wrath of the people, and tribulation and anguish of our rulers, is approaching. When peace is made, which cannot be expected to take place shortly, on the one side will be the conditions, and on the other the thousands of lives, the millions of dollars, and *the distresses* of the country. Who will undertake to say, with all the calamity and expense of the war, that we shall obtain a better, or even so good a treaty, as that rejected by Mr. Jefferson? Who will dare assure us, that the property, seized by the mighty murderer of Europe, will be restored, or any atonement made for his flagitious and repeated insults? Who is there that does not see, that the present must eventuate in loss, unless its dire calamities, and the judgements which are abroad in the earth, should learn our people and rulers righteousness? Should it have this effect, the war will be truly profitable. Foreign nations may not look upon us, at the end of such a war with the greatest respect, but we shall have benefited in a high degree, if the country shall have appreciated and determined, hereafter, to follow the policy of the immortal WASHINGTON. We then shall begin to estimate ourselves and other nations according to their true value. We shall not, then, puff ourselves to the skies and attempt to underate the merits of foreign nations. We shall not, then, vainly imagine that we are every thing, and the rest then, pretend to despise others, when every action proves that our pretended contempt is real fear.

GEORGETOWN, *(D. C.) Aug.* 30.

DEFENCE OF GEORGETOWN.

Half past 7, P. M.

Several of the enemy's vessels are in sight 5 miles from the town. The troops of the town, and between 3 and 400 Alexandrians who marched in from the country this afternoon, are drawn up in order of battle to receive the enemy, should he attempt the place.

The officers waited on the President in consequence of the arrival of the secretary of war, and signified their determination to resign their commissions, unless they received an assurance, that Armstrong should not be suffered to interfere with their arrangements. This assurance was given by the President.

[*Fed. Republican.*

LATEST FROM ALEXANDRIA.

Nine o'clock, P. M.

The enemy is busily engaged in loading their vessels with the property obtained by the capitulation. In the article of flour they are very particular to take such only as pleases their palate. They throw into the Potomac all that is not fresh and sweet. It is supposed they will be employed several days in filling their ships with booty. All their proceedings are in full view of the city of Alexandria, and within a few miles of Mount Vernon, *where rests the remains of the venerated founder of this republic!*—the eye of our beloved WASHINGTON look down upon your *poor, suffering, humbled, bleeding country!* Will there be no attempt to cut off these ships as they descend the narrow passes of the Potomac, and compel them to disgorge their plunder? Are there no cannon, no furnaces, no ammunition, no men? A bounty of $ 124, and no men to throw a few red hot shot at 2 frigates and 4 small vessels, with not more than 300 marines to land? Are there no troops and no munitions of war, after the millions that have been borrowed and squandered?—There are, but they are on the Lakes in Canada. Admiral COCKBURN was told in the City the night of the conflagration, "*if* WASHINGTON *were alive you could not have done this.*" "No," said the Admiral, "we should not have been at war, nor would HE have *left his Capital defenceless for the purpose of making conquests abroad.*" Had the Stoningtons been at fort Warburton, Alexandria would not have been abandoned to the enemy, any more than WASHINGTON could have been betrayed had a King or a Marshal been at the head of the nation.

[*Ibid.*

NEW YORK, *Aug.* 26.

IMPORTANT NOTE.

We have been politely favoured with the following Note:

Messrs. Lewis and Hall,

I have this morning seen extracts from letters from Mr. BAYARD, dated the 1st and 12th May. They are as follows:—"The voice of the nation is *bitter against us;* they say we attacked them in in the moment of the greatest despondency, and now in the day of victory they ought to *inflict exemplary punishment.* But the ministry is much more favorably inclined towards us—and I do not despair of PEACE."

Again, on the 12th May, "The prospect *is less flattering* than it has been. The name of a Republic is hateful to the sovereigns of Europe, and I fear the conduct of our rulers, will draw *their vengeance upon our heads.*"

WASHINGTON CITY, *Sept.* 5.

FROM THE ENEMY BELOW.

The enemy's vessels dropt down the river from Alexandria on Friday night; and on Saturday Com. RODGERS had possession of that unfortunate town. On Saturday 2 or 3 fire ships were sent down to the frigates then lying off Warburton, but did not take effect on them. The river was immediately covered with barges, 30 or 40 in number, and these dangerous objects were towed out of the way of the vessels. The scene was witnessed from the high grounds of the city, and was very interesting—the river being covered with vessels and boats of almost every description. The frigates opened a heavy fire on the ruins of the old fort, or on the shore near which they were lying, with what view we have not heard, nor have we heard any particulars of the damage done. Rockets were seen, and firing heard down the river, at intervals on Saturday night. Several of the vessels were seen below yesterday. The enemy's vessels evidently expect to be severely handled on their return, and doubtless will be, attempt it when they may.

SEPT. 6.

In the course of 2 or 3 days past, many incidents have occurred, which cannot be accurately narrated until we can hear the official accounts of them. There is one, however, which we derive from an eye witness. Com. RODGERS on Sunday evening proceeded down the river with 4 barges, well manned, towards the nearest frigate; when he came within two miles distance, 7 barges full of men were sent to meet him. The barges manœuvered within gun shot of each other till 9 or 10 o'clock at night, when a very warm firing of musquetry and large shot commenced between them, which lasted about 15 minutes, and ended in the repulse of the British barges with much loss. A barge was found on the shore in the morning, with swords, &c. in it; and at least one barge was destroyed.—On our part 2 or 3 men only were hurt. Com. R. yesterday joined the batteries under capt. PORTER.

Firing has been heard for 4 days past almost without intermission—principally from the enemy's light vessels endeavoring to disperse our men from their positions.

[*Nat. Intel.*

HUZZA FOR THE MILITIA!

We do not recollect ever to have read of a more brilliant exploit by a handful of militia hastily rallied by a partizan officer, than that described in the following extract of a letter, on the correctness of which, the fullest reliance may be placed:

"*Chester Town, Md. Sept.* 1.

"On or about the 20th ult. the British frigate Menelaus, rating 38, carrying 49 guns, commanded by Sir PETER PARKER, Bt. made her appearance in view of Rock Hall, upon which lt. col. REED called out the 21st regt. of the Maryland militia.

On Sunday the 28th the enemy came on shore at the farm of Mr. H. Waller, being on the Chesapeake bay about seven miles above Rock Hall, and burnt his dwelling house, barns, all other out houses, wheat in the granary and stack, and in short destroyed every thing by fire that they possibly could; his loss is estimated at 8 or 10000 dollars.

On Tuesday the 30th they went to the farm of Richard Frisby, adjoining Waller's, and committed the same disgraceful and degrading acts; his loss is supposed to be about the amount of Waller's. At each of the aforesaid places they set fire to the property and made their escape to the frigate before the militia got down to attack them.

On Tuesday morning also they landed and went to the house of James Frisby, it is supposed for the purpose of burning him out. However Mrs. Frisby prevailed upon them to spare the property.—They took with them some poultry and said they intended that day to attack and defeat col. REED and his militia near Bell Air, and then to go and get supper in Chester town. True in part to their promise, about half past 11 o'clock that night they landed between 2 or 300 hundred men, headed by sir Peter; having a few days before taken 4 of R. Frisby's negroes, they made one of said negroes pilot them to the American encampment about 2 and 1-2 miles from the bay shore. Tho' very recently made, our videttes observed their movements, and gave information thereof to the col. who prepared for action, and did fight them with from 150 to 160 militia men, not one of whom except himself had ever been in an engagement; the action lasted half an hour or upwards. On the American side there were 3 privates wounded, not supposed dangerously and 1 taken prisoner; on the British 1 master's mate, 1 midshipman, 8 privates killed, and 5 wounded left on the field of battle, 2 of them died of their wounds, 1 deserter—sir Peter received two wounds, the last of which was in the head, and killed him instantaneously; he fought in front of the marines, (such bravery merited a better cause;) one of the prisoners the captain of the foretop, who received only a flesh wound in the thigh, says he fought by the side of sir Peter when he was killed. On their retreat they called at a house some distance from the field of battle and got a blanket and sheet, it is supposed to wrap sir Peter in."

BY TUESDAY'S EASTERN MAIL.

BOSTON, *Sept.* 3.

FROM ENGLAND.

The cartel ship Saratoga, arrived in the outer harbor last evening, in 54 days from England, of course she brings nothing new.

We have been favored with a London paper of the 14th July. The prominent news in it was given on Wednesday. We have made some additional collations.

Every thing in the British journals which respect the U. S. continued to wear the most angry, war-like aspect; and later writers say they cannot discover any dawning of Peace. The unofficial statement of the appointment of Envoys to treat with ours, was repeated—but at the last dates they had not set out to meet them. When they go, if they carry with them any of the temper of the nation as it respects our administration, very little hope of amicable settlement can be entertained from their meeting. In none of the debates in Parliament do we find a word on American affairs good, bad or indifferent.

In France, the new BOURBON sway was advancing to stability in a full and even tide; maugre the little jars which occasionally furnish the English papers with a croaking paragraph. BONAPARTE, was as little talked of in France, as if he had been dead a fortnight.

The reports from Spain were various, but wholly unofficial. It can hardly be expected or hoped, that FERDINAND should find a bed of roses in the exercise of his assumed despotism.

In England every thing in a national point of view appeared successful; and if the language of the allied Kings could be relied on, the most cordial amity existed between her and the continental cabinets; and her Peace with them promised to be of long duration.

Sweden appeared determined to enforce the cession of Norway. Except in that quarter, profound Peace prevailed throughout Europe.

[*Boston Centinel.*

PHILADELPHIA, *Sept.* 6.

INTERESTING from EUROPE.

We have been favored with the following extract of a letter from a gentleman on board the Saratoga, arrived at Boston, from England, to his father in this city:

"*Ship Saratoga, Boston, Sept.* 2, 4 *o'clock,* P. M.

"All our Commissioners except Mr. Gallatin were at Ghent on the 1st July. He was daily expected from Paris. The British Commissioners, Mr. Gambier, Dr. Adam, and Mr. Colburn, had not arrived there, although there was no doubt they would soon. They had not left London on the 9th July, our last London dates—at least the newspapers give no intimation of it. A Peace was generally expected would be the result of the meeting, altho' an ovident disposition to delay the meeting, appeared on the part of G. Britain.

The war with America was very popular: the disposition of the people towards us extremely hostile, and all appeared to wish to give us a good whipping at least, before a peace. Lord Hill, commander in chief of the land force from France, was in the country with his friends, and not preparing to embark for America; indeed it was tho't he would not embark, or any thing be done pending the negociation. Gen. Clinton, and the other principal officers were all in England."

"*Friday, Sept.* 3.

"Since writing the above, we have been informed by a British frigate of the destructton of the Navy Yard at Washington, and also the British commissioners *had* gone over to Ghent."

From the Federal Republican, Sept. 2.

ALEXANDRIA.

A Lady whose husband was absent with the military of Alexandria, expecting the customary visit of search, had provided herself with a brace of pistols, and met the British officer on his arrival with the following address:—"Sir, my husband is from home in the service of his country. The property you see before you, is all we possess for the support of our children. He who first attempts to deprive us of it, shall suffer death from my hand." The Officer viewed the heroine for a moment with amazement and replied, "madam, if the rulers of your nation possessed half your spirit, we should not have been here. I admire your firmness, and pledge my honor that not a penny of your property shall be removed or injured."

We understand an immense force has assembled at Baltimore, and that no doubt is now entertained of its safety. The troops there are said to be in high spirits, and anxious for an opportunity to wipe out the stain cast upon the character of our arms at Bladensburgh.

[*Ibid.*

A letter from M. DASCHKOFF, to his Secretary in this city, dated at New York has endorsed on it, in the Russian language, "I have just received advices that SPAIN HAS DECLARED WAR AGAINST THE U. STATES!"

[*Phil. paper.*

THE LATEST.

WASHINGTON CITY, *Sept.* 9.

The whole naval force of the enemy, recently lying in the mouth of the Patuxent, got under way on Tuesday evening, and proceeded down the bay.

THE BATTLE BELOW.

From the battery under com PERRY, at Indian head, we yesterday learnt, that the enemy passed it on the morning of the day before, having received but little injury from our battery, which was too light and weak to dispute his passage with effect. Our loss was 1 man wounded, and that was in the retreat from the shore.

[*Nat. Intel.*

Extract of a letter dated

"*Rockville, Aug.* 28.

"A detachment of the U. S. light dragoons, amounting to 43 noncommissioned officers and privates, under command of capt. BURD and lieut. BRACKEN, have just surprised a detachment of the British army in Maryland, and took prisoners:

One brig. general THORNTON,
One lt. colonel, HOOD, 85th,
One major, BROWN, do.
100 privates and noncommissioned officers.

The conflict was sharp, the brig. gen. and the col. were both wounded in the conflict, which was short but decisive.—The prisoners are all secured."

CASH for BARLEY.

ONE DOLLAR,

PER BUSHELL, WILL BE GIVEN FOR GOOD

MERCHANTABLE BARLEY,

AT the MONONGAHELA BREWERY. For the convenience of Farmers, BARLEY will be received at the house of Mr. Thomas Baird, or Wm. Steele Esq. on the same terms as at the Brewery.

JOHN GORMAN & CO.

Sept. 13, 1814.

D. & J. CHUTE,

MARKET STREET—PITTSBURGH,

Have just received a large and elegant assortment of

SHOES,

OF THE NEWEST FASHION,

CHEAP AS USUAL—FOR CASH, viz:

GENTLEMEN'S Morocco and Leather PUMPS, &c.
Do. coarse and fine SHOES, &c.
Ladies Morocco, Kid and Leather do. of various descriptions
Misses' and Children's Morocco & Leather do.
ALSO—a few empty Boxes suitable for packing Goods.

N. B. Having made new arrangements in business, they solicit all with whom they have accounts to present them immediately for settlement.

Sept. 9, 1814. tfq

A valuable Plantation,

FOR SALE.

THE subscriber offers for Sale on reasonable terms, an elegant FARM, in Cecil township, Washington county, Pennsylvania. The premises consist of 150 Acres of Land, well watered, and of first rate soil, 80 of which are cleared, and in a high state of cultivation; 7 acres of good meadow; good apple, peach, and cherry orchards; a convenient square log shingled House, and a large shingled Barn and Stable, all in excellent repair. For terms apply to ALEXANDER CALL, on the premises or to the subscriber in Pittsburgh.

JOHN CAMERON.

September 12, 1814.

FOR SALE,

FOUR LOTS pleasantly and advantageously situated in the Town of Birmingham, on the Monongahela, nearly opposite Pittsburgh. For particulars apply to the subscriber.

EDWARD B. ROCHE.

Birmingham, September 14, 1814.

ADVERTISEMENT.

ALL persons are hereby notified, that the firm of *Trotter & Roche*, carried on in Birmingham, near Pittsburgh, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. All persons having demands against said firm will present them to EDWARD B. ROCHE for payment. Those persons indebted to said firm, will pay the same to said Roche.

ALEX. TROTTER.
EDWARD B. ROCHE.

Birmingham, September 12, 1814

MECHANICS AND MANUFACTURERS.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY,

BY the 'LEXINGTON MANUFACTURING COMPANY,' in Lexington, (Ken.)

30 *Stone Masons,*
20 *Bricklayers and Plasterers,*
50 *Carpenters and Joiners,*
30 *Spinners and Weavers of Woolen Goods,*
2 *good Sorters of Wool and good Dyers, Fullers and Dressers.*

For the above as high wages will be given as in any other part of the U. S. Articles of living necessary for families are very cheap in Lexington, which hold out strong inducements for *mechanics and manufacturers* to emigrate there.

For further particulars apply to JAMES ADAMS in Pittsburgh.

R. MEGOWAN & CO.

Agents for the Lexington Manufacturing Company.

Sept. 8 1814.

MINERAL WATERS.

THE subscribers beg leave respectfully to inform the public, that they have commenced making SODA and SELTZER WATERS, which they warrant equal in quality to any made in the United States. These Waters are justly celebrated for their virtues, and universally drank in the principal cities of Europe and America. It is presumed, therefore, they will be duly estimated by the inhabitants of Pittsburgh.

They also offer for Sale, at the lowest Philadelphia prices, with the addition of carriage, a large and general assortment of *DRUGS* and *MEDICINES.* Orders thankfully received and punctually attended to.

AVERY & VAN ZANDT,

in Wood Street, between Front and Second.

Pittsburgh, September 14, 1814.

N. B. A few barrels of *Tanners Oil,* for Sale as above.

100 Dollars Reward.

RANAWAY from the subscriber, on the night of the 5th of August last, ROBERT EWING, an Apprentice to the Saddling Business, aged 19 years 9 months, about 5 feet 8 inches high, a remarkable round back, brown hair, his face much inflamed with heat spots, being fond of spirits, and chewing tobacco; a little crooked on one side; his left arm, thigh, and foot smaller than the other—had on and took with him a brown home-made cloth coat, yellow striped fancy cotton vest, blue cloth pantaloons, and a pair of corded pantaloons, also, a bottle green coat, a pair of half worn cossack boots, and a pair of shoes, country linen shirts, a rorum hat a little worn, and other cloths unknown.

The above reward will be paid on delivering him to his master.

JOHN LITTLE.

Pittsburgh, Septhmber 14, 1814.

SEASONED PINE AND OAK BOARDS,

FOR SALE, BY

H. HOLDSHIP.

Pittsburgh, August 31, 1814.

PITTSBURGH, SEPTEMBER 14.

FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.

ERIE, SEPT. 9, 1814.

"The United States brigs Lawrence and Niagara, and schooners Lady Prevost and Porcupine left this place last week for Fort Erie; the postrider from Buffalo informs me, that on Wednesday morning last one of the brigs and the two schooners had dropped down near the enemy's principal battery, and after cannonading about an hour and an half, succeeded in completely silencing the battery, without any apparent damage to the vessels.

"I expect that under cover of the vessels, our troops will march out and remove the guns."

MORAL.

"Speak evil of no man." None of the commands of Jehovah are arbitrary injunctions, but given to us for our good; He knows our frailty and the propensity of our hearts in our depraved and fallen state; and what temper and disposition of mind will qualify us to enjoy his gracious presence. What high degrees of gratitude and thankfulness it should excite in us, for the innocent condescension and goodness of the compassionate Father of mercies, in giving us such laws, ordinances, rules, and regulations, which if attended to and strictly observed, will have a direct tendency to fit us for the company of holy angels, and capaciate us to enjoy it. Although the precept I have chosen for a text, is from the same authority, and equally obligatory on us as the command, "Thou shalt not kill," yet by too many, 'tis no more regarded, nor their conduct any more influenced by it, than the preaching of Jonah to the Ninevites. The man who has been favored with a transforming view of the transcendant excellency and amiableness of the divine perfections, and "renewed in the spirit and temper of his mind;" while his graces are in exercise, will no sooner wound others with his tongue than with his knife.

TRAVELLER'S INN,

MAYSVILLE, KY.

EVER grateful for past favours, the subscriber informs his friends and the public, that the additions already made to his TRAVELLER'S INN renders it one of the most extensive and convenient establishments of the kind in this part of the country—being 33 feet on Water street by 98 feet on Centre alley; his Stables are also enlarged and attended by an excellent Ostler—assures those Gentlemen and Ladies who may favor him with a call, that every exertion will be made to make Traveller's Inn a place of entertainment for genteel guests only.

COMMISSION BUSINESS

Attended with the usual promptitude and attention to the reception of Merchandize and Country Produce.

SAMUEL JANUARY.

Maysville, Ky. January 18, 1814.

1yq

GLASS BLOWING.

WANTED immediately, two or three sober steady LADS, from 14 to 16 years of age, as Apprentices to the above business. Apply at our Manufactory on the south side of the Monongahela, opposite Wood Street.

TREVOR & ENCELL.

Pittsburgh, July 13, 1813.

☞ Cash given for POT and PEARL ASHES

DOCTOR G. DAWSON,

Has just received a general and complete supply of Fresh

Drugs and Medicines,

FAMILY, Patent & Horse medicines, Surgeons Instruments, Paints of all kinds, Spirits Turpentine, Spices, Perfumery, Oils, Varnishes, Gold leaf, Smalts, &c. &c. selected with particular care from the latest importations, and WARRANTED GENUINE, which, being purchased with CASH, enables him to sell them on very moderate terms, wholesale and retail.

Practitioners of Physick, and Storekeepers, will be supplied with genuine articles, at the lowest prices.

*** Worm Tea of superior quality, by the dozen or single paper.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY,

TWO APPRENTICES:—In addition to the profession of Druggist and Apothecary, they will have the advantage of acquiring the theory and practice of Physick and Surgery.

Pittsburgh, May 20, 1813.

Travellers Rest.

MAYSVILLE or LIMESTONE, (Ken.)

December 20, 1813.

THE subscriber takes this method of informing his friends and the public generally, that he has opened a

House of Entertainment

in the Town of Maysville, (Ken.) on Water Street, and convenient to the mouth of Limestone creek, where he has provided himself with every necessary for the convenience of those who may favor him with a call. He has also a large and convenient WARE-HOUSE near the mouth of Limestone creek, for the reception of Goods, &c. where strict attention will be paid to the Storage and Commission business. From his attention to business, and the convenience of his situation, he hopes to share a part of the public patronage.

WILLIAM PORTER

tfpcwp

BARR IRON.

The subscriber has now on hand, and intends keeping, a general assortment of

JUNIATA & CENTRE COUNTY

BARR IRON,

which he will sell on reasonable terms for Cash. Waggoners and blacksmiths may be supplied with all kinds of waggon tire, drawn for that purpose. He likewise keeps an assortment of the best waggon boxes.

WILLIAM LACKEY.

Pittsburgh, February 3, 1814. tf

WANTED,

An Apprentice

To the PRINTING BUSINESS,

Enquire at the Office of the Pittsburgh Gazette.

Doctor CHISHOLM'S

Anti-Bilious Pills,

OF A QUALITY

Superior to any thing of the kind ever offered as a

GENERAL MEDICINE,

IN THIS COUNTRY,

Now prepared from a recipe of the celebrated *Dr. Chisholm*, who, from a long residence in the West-India islands, has been enabled to favor the world with the most complete history, and most approved methods of curing all the BILIOUS DISEASES of those warm climates

This extraordinary medicine, which now for the first time is finding its way into general practice, has properties in the highest degree superior to the mercurial nostrums so frequently recommended by the name of Anti-Bilious Pills. The extraordinary powers of this medicine as a solvent and evacuant of bile, is without example; never producing debility, or injuring the health, in the smallest degree, of the most delicate child, or weakly female.

The BILIOUS HEAD-ACHE, so much complained of in this country, and in the neighbourhood of rivers, is often removed by a single dose, which, to a strong man, is only five pills, and to a weakly woman, three. The same dose will generally remove the most excrutiating pains of the cholic, like a charm, by abusing the bile to pass downwards in the course of an hour or two.

Two or three Pills taken an hour before dinner, and repeated every third day, will effectually remove those diseases arising from flatulency and indigestion, and by persevering in the use of them for a considerable time, the appetite will be improved, and strength and vigor will return.

Two Pills taken at bed time, with a cup of penny-royal tea, and repeated every second night, will effectually remove *Rheumatic pains*, wherever seated.

A single Pill, taken every fourth hour with a cup of flax-seed tea, will cure *Pleurisy*, promote expectoration, and relieve coughs and colds.

In CONSUMPTIVE CASES and *diseases of the liver*, no medicine ever yet discovered, has been known to perform such cures. Two Pills, taken every third morning, will be found sufficient, unless costiveness prevails; in which case, the dose may be increased according to the strength or constitution.

The *Dysentery*, *Croup*, and *Summer Complaint* on children, are soon relieved by a few doses. A single Pill to a child of 6 years old, and the dose increased according to their strength and age.

In *Asthmatic* or *Phthisical* cases, where the laborious breathing and great oppression, with faintings, are fast sinking the patient to the brink of the grave, a few Pills, taking one every hour, with fennel or pepper-mint tea, will often enable the patient to walk about in a few hours.

The above valuable Medicine is Sold ONLY in Pittsburgh, by

J. P. & J. W. Skelton,

At their Wholesale and Retail Apothecary and Drug Store.

February 1814.

tfq

BRASS FOUNDERY.

THE SUBSCRIBER,

Takes the liberty toinform his friends & the public in general, that having procured some of the most experienced workmen from the city of Baltimore and having entered largely in the BRASS FOUNDERY BUSINESS,

HE flatters himself, to be able to furnish any castings of Copper or Brass upon as good terms as they can be obtained either in Baltimore or Philadelphia—such as

Andirons of the newest fashions.
Candlesticks, Carpet Rods,
Still Cocks, Rivets,
Salder, Clock Castings,
Bells of any description,
And all kinds of Castings of Machinery,
All kinds of Copper, Tin and Sheet Iron Work,

Upon as good terms as they can be had in the place. A very handsome assortment of TIN WARES—on hand, a few large STILLS, of the best quality, at one dollar per gallon. Coppersmiths, Merchants, and others, who will favor him with their orders, for any thing in the above branches, shall be punctually and promptly attended to.

GEORGE MILTENBERGER.

N. B. The highest price in Cash, will be given for Old Copper, Brass & Pewter.

Pittsburgh, Jan. 26, 1814. tf.

JUST RECEIVED,

AND FOR SALE BY

BOSLER & CO.

NEW Orleans Sugar, of a superior quality, in barrels.
Coffee in bags.
Logwood.
New-Orleans Cotton.
Rum.

April 6, 1814.

tfq

BRIGHTON IRON WORKS

FOR SALE.

THIS elegant establishment consists of a *Furnace*, *Forge*, *Grist* and *Saw Mill*, together with extensive Coal, Store and Dwelling Houses, situate at the middle falls of Big Beaver creek, one mile from navigable water, 3 miles from the Ohio, 3 miles from the town of Beaver, and 28 miles from Pittsburgh. The Grist and Saw Mill are now usefully employed, and can be made very productive at a small expence. The Furnace and Forge are equal to any in the western country. The scite for water works comprises advantages equal if not superior to any on the Brandywine. The adjacent country abounds with ore, fuel and provisions, and the facility of transportation by water from the works to every part of the western country promises a sure and steady market for all its productions. The works are well supplied with first rate forge and furnace hands. The forge is now in operation, and the usual number of hands and teams are constantly employed in providing stock for a new blast, which it is intended shall take place about the 1st of March next, whether sold or not. The casting house is spacious and well supplied with flasks, patterns, and other requisite articles.—Possession can be given either before or after the first of March, as may be agreed upon, a fair price being given for the stock on hand.

ALSO FOR SALE.

A valuable Tract of Land on the east side of the creek, opposite the Iron Works, affording a scite for water works equal to any on the creek, on which is erected a Grist Mill and two Dwelling Houses, and a small Farm opened.—The whole of this property will be sold together or separate as may best suit the purchaser, and the terms made easy.

Apply to OLIVER ORMSBY, in Pittsburgh, or the subscriber on the premises.

JEREMIAH BARKER.

Brighton, 25th January, 1814.

tfq

Lots for Sale or Lease.

I WILL Sell or Let on Perpetual Lease, the property on which I now live, consisting of four full LOTS of Ground, with an excellent two story brick House, well finished.

WM. B. FOSTER.

Pittsburgh, Feb. 9, 1814. tf

FOR SALE,

A SMART ACTIVE

MULATTO BOY,

WHO has a number of years to serve—he understands waiting on table and all kinds of house work. For particulars enquire at this office.

July 15, 1814

PITTSBURGH WIRE

MANUFACTORY.

The subscriber has on hand, and offers

FOR SALE.

AT THE PHILADELPHIA PRICES,

WITH the addition of carriage, an assortment of *WIRE*, made of the Juniata iron, from No. 1 to No. 24, inclusive. Any higher number made agreeable to order. He hopes that the manufacturers and merchants of the western country, will give him a portion of their custom, to support a new and large establishment.

Square inch iron, will be rolled down for smiths and other mechanics, at the following prices, viz:

To 7-8 one dol. per cwt.

6-8	two	do	do	do
5-8	three	do	do	do
4-8	four	do	do	do
3-8	five	do	do	do

WM: EICHBAUM.

March 23, 1814 tfq

Wanted Immediately,

TWO APPRENTICES,

To the GLASS CUTTING business.

BOYS of good character & respectable connexions, from 14 to 16 years of age, will find a good situation.

☞ Boys from the country, would be prefered. Apply to

ARNOLD EICHBAUM,

Corner of Liberty and Fourth streets.

March 30, 1814. tfq

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

THE subscriber offers FOR SALE, on reasonable terms, all that valuable property at the corner of Wood & Fourth streets, in the borough of Pittsburgh, now occupied by R & J. Patterson, booksellers. The buildings are commodious for a private family, and the situation for business, excelled by few in the place.

For terms, apply to the subscriber, at Wm: M'Cullough's tavern, or to DAVID EVANS, Liberty street.

M. EVANS.

Pittsburgh, Aug. 17 tfq

THE SUBSCRIBERS,

HAVE ON HAND AND OFFER FOR SALE ON REASONABLE TERMS,

TWO hundred bales N. Orleans cotton,

TWENTY Faggots English Crowley steel, warranted,
2 Tons Swedish blister do do
100 Faggots Truman's crowley, do
3 Tons American blister do
100 Bbls New Orleans sugar
10 Tons Logwood
20 Tubs German steel
300 Boxes Genev a window glass
1000 lbs Refined Salt petre
5000 lbs Crude do do
50 Dozen spades and shovels.

ROBINSON & BARBER

Wood strt. Corner Water & Front strs

April 8, 1814. tfq

Speakman & Say,

OF PHILADELPHIA,

DRUGGISTS.

Having established a *Drug & Chemical Warehouse* in Pittsburgh, & taken SAMUEL PETTIGREW into partnership in that concern. The business there will be conducted under the firm of

Speakman, Say & Co.

n Market Street, the third door from Front Street,

Where, by receiving in bulk, as well as manufacturing articles as the place will admit of, they hope to be able to sell at the lowest Philadelphia prices, with the addition of carriage expenses, ONLY.

☞ *They now offer for sale, an assortment of DRUGS, PATENT MEDICINES, PAINTS, &c. for CASH, PRODUCE, or at the usual credit.*

May 30, 1813 tfq

THE STEAM ENGINE

FOUNDERY,

ON FRONT STREET,

BACK OF THE PITTSBURGH STEAM MILL,

IS in complete operation, and ready to supply castings of all descriptions—but particularly in a mechanical line, viz:—*All kinds of castings appertaining to Merchant Flour Mills; Rolling & Slitting, Forging & Tilting Mills; Fulling and Oil Mills, &c. Sugar mills, Sugar boilers, Pot-ash kettles, Stills, Soap and Salt kettles, &c.*

☞ *The "Pittsburgh Steam Engine Company,"* as usual carry on the making of *Steam Engines* of every description. They will also furnish Paper mill screws, Fullers and Mill screws, and all kinds of the large orders. Also, Mill spindles & rynes, and Saw mill cranks and large work generally.

February 18, 1813

tfq

A Valuable Farm,

FOR SALE.

UPWARDS OF 100 *ACRES OF BOTTOM LAND, in the Town of* COLUMBIA,

ON the Ohio river, and 5 and 1-2 miles from Cincinnati, under high cultivation, with two orchards, a fine garden enclosed with board fence, a frame barn 50 by 25, corn cribs, etc. with 32 acres of grain in the ground, & a large proportion of meadow, for sale on easy terms.

JOHN ARMSTRONG.

Columbia, Nov. 21, 1813.

tfpcHB

NOTICE.

DISSOLVED by mutual consent on the 15th of June last, the partnership of *James Brown*, *Abner Barker*, and *James R. Butler*, trading under the firm of *Brown*, *Barker* and *Butler*.

All those indebted to said firm will call and pay the same to Messrs. *Brown* and *Porter*, and those having claims against said firm will present them for payment.

JAMES BROWN,
ABNER BARKER,
JAMES R. BUTLER.

Pittsburgh, 17th August, 1814.

VALUABLE PROPERTY

FOR SALE,

CONSISTING OF A WELL SITUATED

HOUSE AND LOT,

AND 300 ACRES OF EXCELLENT LAND.

THAT Valuable Stand, sign of the "*Rising Sun*," is now offered for SALE. The premises consist of 40 ft. on Front strt. & extends back 92 feet; and on which is erected a large two story Brick House, well adapted to public business, or pleasant and convenient for a private family. Immediate possession given.

ALSO—Three Hundred Acres of excellent LAND, in Ohio township, Allegheny County, on which is good Springs, and lies on the state road from Pittsburgh to Beaver. The terms will be easy, and made known on application to

GEORGE LEWIS.

Pittsburgh, July 22d, 1814

FOR SALE,

A House in Wood-street

CORNER OF

SECOND STREET.

Enquire of

SPEAKMAN, SAY & CO.
Druggists, Market street.

July 13

tfq

HARD-WARE STORE,

JUST OPENED,

Second door from Fourth street on the West side of Market street,

WHERE THE SUBSCRIBER,

OFFERS FOR SALE,

And intends keeping on hand a general assortment of Foreign and Domestick

Hardware, Cutlery, Saddlery &c.

Amongst which are:

KNIVES and Forks; Pen knives; Razors and Scissors; best G[illegible] oil flints; socket Shovels and Spades; Cradling, Corn and Grass scythes; Coffee mills; English, German and American steel; Iron and Brass wire; Iron knitting pins; Glue; Windsor soap; A handsome assortment of plated [illegible] Stirrup irons, and Bridle fronts; Surcingle girth and boot webbing.

—*ALSO*—

A few Boxes of superior quality

COTTON CARDS,

Which he will sell Wholesale and Retail on reasonable terms.

B. DARLINGTON.

April 1, 1814 tf

For Sale.

THE subscriber offers for sale on reasonable terms, 30 feet of GROUND on Fourth street, nearly opposite Ferry street, between Market and Liberty sts. in the borough of Pittsburgh, on the back part of which is erected a convenient Brick building. The front of the lot affords an eligible situation for buildings.

Also----300 acres of LAND, about 18 miles from this place, west of the Allegheny river.

APPLY TO

GEO: COCHRAN,

Corner of Diamond alley and Liberty Streets.

Pittsburgh, Aug. 17 tfq

New-Orleans Sugar,

AND

COTTON AND INDIGO,

FOR SALE.

BY the Subscribers, at Pittsburgh, the cargoes of Six Keel Boats, which are expected up from New Orleans, in all this month, viz—

380 bbls 1st qual. sugar,

28 Hogsheads do do
201 Bales do Cotton.
6 Barrels do Indigo—about one thousand weight.

ROBINSON & BARBER.

June 2, 1814. 2mqtA1st

FOR SALE,

1,000 bbls. of Potatoes,

20,000 Cabbage Heads,

ONIONS, BEATS, CARROTS, &c. The quality and terms will satisfy any one wishing to purchase for New Orleans Market.

APPLY TO

E. BROWN,
Wood Street.

Pittsburgh, July 26th 8w

TO LET,

FOR A TERM OF YEARS, OR ON A PERPETUAL LEASE,

THE property now occupied by *B. Bakewell & Co.* containing two full Lots with a two story Brick House and an excellent Pump of good water at the door: The situation is eligible for a private family or tavern:

ALSO,

On perpetual lease,

FOUR LOTS, bounded by Water and Front streets, and running on Ross street 160 feet—For terms apply to

SAMUEL SMITH,
In Wood street.

May 17 tfq

NEW HAT MANUFACTORY.

Hugh Moore & Co.

RESPECTFULLY inform their friends and the public in general, that they have opened a HAT STORE, at the corner of Market and Water Streets, formerly occupied by J. Tibbett, where they offer for Sale, a large and elegant assortment of Beaver, Castor, and Foram HATS. Having procured excellent workmen and the best materials, they flatter themselves to serve those that will favor them with their custom, to their entire satisfaction.

*** Orders will be received at the Warehouse of SUTTON and M'NICKLE, and promptly attended to.

Wanted immediately, two or three Apprentices to the Hatting business. Apply to *Hugh Moore & Co. Pittsburgh.*

June 29, 1814. tf

HANDBILLS—CARDS—BLANKS—AND JOB PRINTING OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS EXECUTED IN THE NEATEST MANNER, AND ON THE SHORTEST NOTICE.